

SYSTEMATIC ACCOUNT

Family TRICHONISCIDAE Sars, 1899 Subfamily HAPLOPHTHALMINAE Verhoeff, 1908

Genus Leucocyphoniscus Verhoeff, 1900

Type species. — Leucocyphoniscus verruciger Verhoeff, 1900 by monotypy.

> Leucocyphoniscus pisanus n. sp. (Figs 1-3, 21A)

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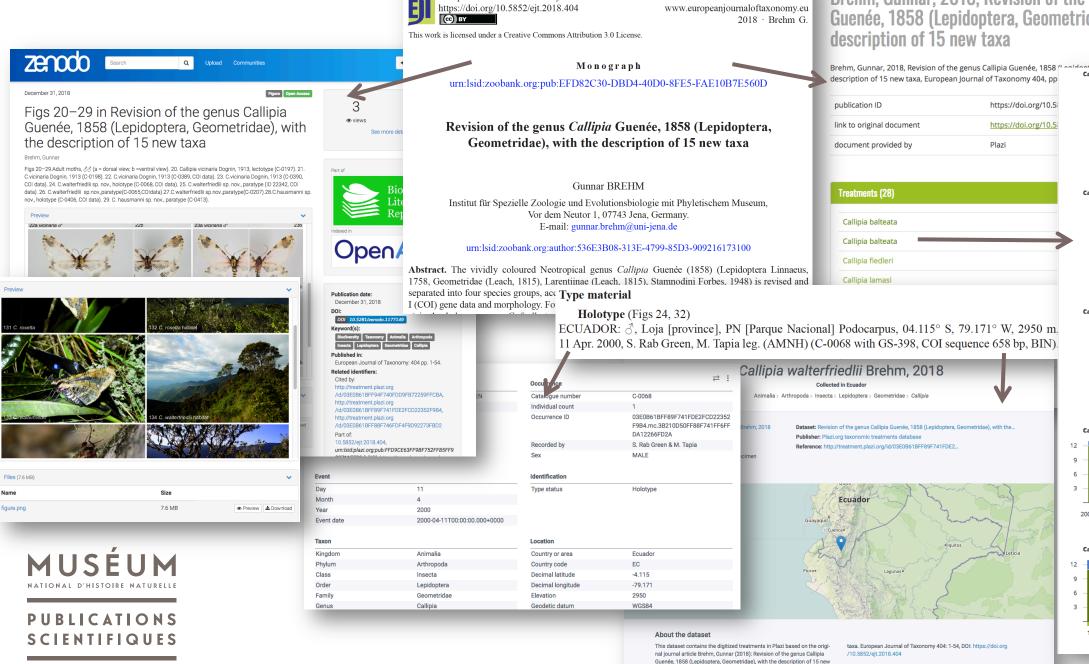
TYPE MATERIAL. — Holotype. o, Monte Pisano, Buca delle Fate di Cima Sugheretta, 1823 T/PI, 43°44'37"N, 10°29'03"E, San Giuliano Terme, Prov. Pisa, leg. S. Taiti and G. A. Gruber, 20.I.2007 (MZUF 9664). Paratypes. 3 ♂, 12 ♀, same data as holotype (MZUF 9664); 9 ♂, 6 ♀, same locality as holotype, leg. S. Taiti, 25.I.2008 (MZUF 9665); 1 ♂, 2 ♀, same data (MNHN-IU-2017-1438); 19, Monti d'Oltreserchio, Tana della Volpe di Baccanella, 247 T/ PI, 43°47'05"N, 10°24'09"E, Baccanella, Vecchiano, Prov. Pisa, leg. S. Taiti and M. Del Guasta, 10.II.2007 (MZUF 9666).

DIAGNOSIS. — A species of Leucocyphoniscus characterized by the cephalon with three large tubercles and a very prominent tubercle on pleonite 3.

ETYMOLOGY. — The new species in named after the sampling locality (Monte Pisano).

DESCRIPTION

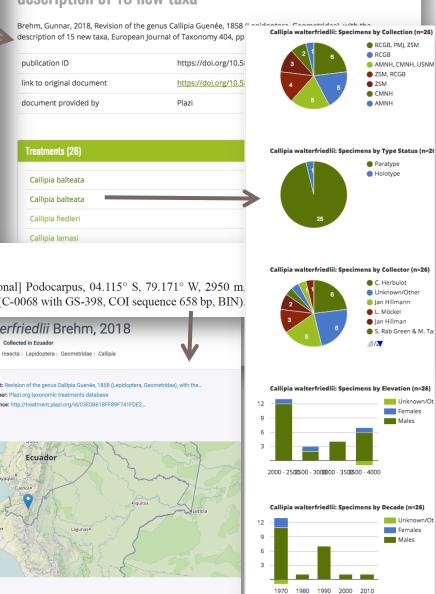
Maximum length: ♂, 3.8 mm; ♀, 4.1 mm. Body colourless, ovoidal, outline not interrupted between pereon and pleon; pereon tergites strongly convex, epimera obliquely directed outwards (Fig. 1A). Dorsum bearing distinct ribs and tubercles (Fig. 1A-C): cephalon with one central tubercle with two rounded tips, and two large tubercles near rear margin; pereonites with 1+1 well developed longitudinal paramedian ribs almost as long as tergites, and 3+3 faint external ribs; pleonite 3 with one prominent median tubercle. Cephalon (Fig. 1B, C) with large subquadrangular frontal lateral lobes, directed outwards and not protruding compared with widely rounded median lobe. Eyes absent. Pereonites with right-angled posterior corners (Fig. 1A). Pleonites 3-5 (Fig. 1A) with large epimera obliquely directed backwards. Telson (Fig. 1D) wider than long, distal part trapezoidal with concave sides and truncate apex. Antennula (Fig. 1E) of three articles, basal article longest; two aestethacs at apex as long as third article. Antenna (Fig. 1F) with fifth article of peduncle slightly longer than flagellum; flagellum of three articles, with three aesthetascs on second article. Mandibles (Fig. 2A, B) with two free penicils on left and one free penicil on right. Maxillula (Fig. 2C) outer branch with 4+4 teeth, setose stem among outer group of teeth; inner branch with three stout penicils at apex, outer penicil much longer than other two. Maxilla (Fig. 2D) with



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Brehm, Gunnar, 2018, Revision of the genus Callipia Guenée, 1858 (Lepidoptera, Geometridae), with the

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